

dict of Columbia,
COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA—to wit:
July Term, 1809.
n Steer, complainant,
AGAINST
m Paine & Mordecai
er,
defendants,
In Chancery.

defendant Ephraim Paine, not having
his appearance and given security
to the act of assembly and the rules
of the court, and it appearing to the
court, upon affidavit, that the said
Paine is not an inhabitant of this
county, it is ordered, that the said
Paine, do appear here on the first
day of next term, and enter his
appearance and give security for
the decree of the court, and that
the defendant, Mordecai Miller, do
pay, convey or secure the debts by him
owed, or the estate or effects in his
handing to the said absent defendant,
until the further order or decree of this
court, and that a copy of this order be
published, for two months successively,
of the public newspapers published in
this county, and that another copy be
posted on the front door of the Court House of this
county.

A copy, Test,
G. Deneale, c. c.
law2m

dict of Columbia,
COUNTY OF ALEXANDRIA—to wit:
July Term, 1809.
Youngs Trustee, &c.
complainant,
vs.
Dunnington & Geo.
In Chancery,
er,
defendants,

defendant Lawson Dunnington,
ing entered his appearance and given
according to the act of assembly and
s of this court, and it appearing to the
ion of the court upon affidavit, that the
endant Lawson Dunnington is not an
nt of this district—on motion of the
plainant by his counsel, it is ordered,
said defendant Lawson Dunnington do
here on the first day of next term, and
s appearance to the suit, and give se-
r performing the decree of the court,
the other defendant, Geo. Lawrence, do
away, convey, or secure the debts
owing to, or the estate or effects in
a, belonging to the said absent defend-
son Dunnington until the further or-
ecree of the court, and that a copy of
er be forthwith published for two
uccessively, in one of the public news-
ublished in this county, and that ano-
y be posted at the front door of the
use of said county.

A copy—Test,
G. Deneale, c. c.
law2m

AWAY from the subscriber, living
Brenttown, Fauquier county, Va. on
the 4th of September, a mulatto
named DAVID, about 5 feet 5 or 6
high, about 25 years of age, has a cut
from the corner of one of his eyes
by the kick of a horse—he is a
rogue and has been accustomed to
a plantation.

ok with him one new outside jacket,
y cloth, black and white stripe, and
of the same, several under jackets,
hich was one Bennett's coat; he is a
sy, artful fellow, and will endeavor
a free man, and change his dress;
ntly calls himself David Murphy—
e the above reward, vlt. all reason-
es, to any person that will bring him
lodge him in any jail so that I get

Geo. Swaney,
Fauquier county, }
7, (14) 1809. }
law6w.

able Property for Sale.

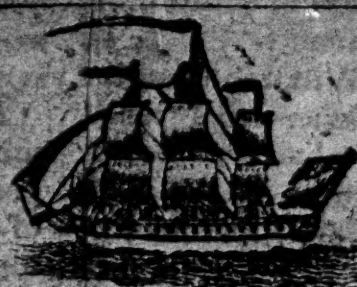
subscriber offers for sale the House
Fairfax-street, in Alexandria, now
by Mrs. S. Nickolls. The assa-
his property is worth four thousand
red dollars, and have, year after
essed it at this sum; but the
now offers it for sale at the half of
ed value.

He also offers for sale
ant Lots on Fairfax and Franklin
Assessors have said that these Lots
three thousand two hundred dol-
re, and have assessed them at that
the subscriber will take less than
that sum per acre.
d gladly sell all his property on
his Houses on King-street, near
et—his Houses on the same street,
hington-street—his ground-roots,
er property he has in Alexandria,
of 6, 12, and 18 months.—Ap-
bert Powell or

S. Cooke,
law2m

March 30.

Alexandria DAILY Gazette.



Commercial & Political.

VOL IX.]

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1809.

[2601.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and
Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day—All kinds of goods
which are on limitation and the prices of
which are established, can at any time be
viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation
and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

THE INTRIGUES

OF

Prince of Peace and others.

Written by a Spanish Nobleman and Pa-
triot, who alone can be acquainted with the
intrigues and amors of the above personages.

For sale by

Cotton & Stewart.

August 11.

FINE PASTURE.

WE will be ready in about ten days to fur-
nish butchers and others, Pasturage on our
island, for any number of cattle not exceed-
ing 100.

Philip Alexander,
John Luke.

July 29.

FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for
sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,
Muscatel and Bloom Raisins
in boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

TO HIRE,

By the month or year,

A Negro Man, a sailor.—He will be hired
low if taken by the year.

Enquire of the Printer.

July 29.

FOR SALE,

50 hogsheads SUGAR,
150 bags COFFEE,
10 hogsheads Antigua RUM,
40 bags best COTTON.

Joseph Riddle.

July 10.

Joseph Mandeville,

CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,
Has Received,

100 half boxes Roufett's CI-

GARS warranted of the very first quality
and full contents.

Real Macouba Snuff,
Rappee do. Coarse and Fine,
20 boxes fresh MUSTARD,

20 Philadelphia CHOCOLATE, 1st
and 2d quality.

HE HAS ALSO,

A General Assortment as usual

of good WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCE-

RIES for sale.

Dec. 2.

TO RENT,

A convenient and well finished BRICK

HOUSE, at the head of King-street and near

to good water. Apply to

James Sanderfon.

August 30.

NOTICE.

BENJAMIN DULANY, sen. esq. having

by his indenture of assignment, dated the

eight day of the present month, conveyed to

me all his estate, real, personal and mixed,

except the Bank Stock and money in deposit

now standing in his name, in trust for certain

purposes therein mentioned:—This is there-
fore to give notice to all tenants and others

holding property under lease or otherwise,

from, or belonging to the said Benjamin Dula-
ny, sen. esq. or who are in any wise indebted

to him, that he or they are hereafter to pay
and account for the same, to me only or my

order.

Daniel F. Dulany.

Sept. 11.

For Freight or Charter.



THE FAST SAILING SHIP

UNITED STATES

GEORGE BARNETT, Master:

218 tons burthen, or 2200 barrels, will be

ready to receive a cargo in four days. For

further particulars apply to

Marsteller & Young.

September 12.

SADDLE HORSES

FOR HIRE:

APPLY TO

John G. Francis;

Union Street.

September 19.

Joseph H. Mandeville,

KING-STREET;

Has just received and for sale,

50 boxes Fresh Raisins,

40 do. Lemmons,

1000 New Goshen Cheese.

15 hds. 3d and 4th proof Rum

12 do. 1st quality Brown Sugar:

ALSO,

2000 bushels Lisbon Salt,

2500 do. Corn, and

70 tons Plaster

September 11.

Baltimore College Lottery

Will positively commence drawing on the

first Monday in November,

HIGHEST PRIZES.

2 of 20,000 Dollars.

3 of 10,000

3 of 5,000

2 of 2,000

10 of 1,000

R. GRAY

Having contracted for a large number of

tickets in the above lottery, is enabled to sup-
ply his lottery customers at the Baltimore

price, which at present is Ten Dollars and

Fifty Cents, but will advance to Eleven Dol-
lars on the first of October. By this arrange-

ment the expence and risk of postage will be

saved to purchasers, and their tickets can be

examined at any time during the drawing

without any extra charge.

September 15.

SALT AFLOAT.

2000 bushels Ground Allum

SALT, on board schooner Sylvia, at Messrs.

Lawson and Fowle's wharf. Apply to

Faxon, Metcalf & Co.

WHO HAVE ON HAND.

FRENCH BRANDY.

HOLLANDS GIN.

WRITING & WRAPPING PAPER.

SUGAR in barrels.

Boxes RAISINS, &c.

MOULD & DIPT CANDLES.

And a general assortment of SHOES as u-

sual.

Sept. 14.

NIGHT SCHOOL.

THE subscriber returns his most grateful

acknowledgements to the inhabitants of

this town and its vicinity for their past favors,

and earnestly solicits a continuance of the

same. He likewise begs leave to inform them

that on MONDAY, the 18th instant, he will

commence his Night School, where will be

taught, as usual, Reading, Writing, Arith-

metic, Mathematics, &c. &c.

Any young gentleman wishing to be in-

structed, will please to make early applica-

tion to

G. W. Carlin.

September 14.

TO LEASE,

On a low ground rent for ever, and on ve-

ry advantageous terms,

A VALUABLE half-acre Lot of Ground,

situated on Washington and Duke

streets, with a fine corner Lot. There is on

the said property three frame-buildings, one

has been used as a pot-house, but could be

easily altered into any thing else, as it is a

large and strong building—the others are

dwelling houses.—They will be leased with

the ground which will be rented as it is, or

laid out in lots to suit the purchaser:

Enquire of

M'Knight and Stewart.

August 13.

New-England Rum.

Thirty barrels, for sale by

Joseph Mandeville.

Corner of King and Fairfax streets

PRIME NEW YORK

PORK,

FOR SALE BY

Trueman Brashears.

August 26.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,

One elegant London made Patent PIANO

FORTE, with additional Keys to C and Pe-

dal.

One plain do. with additional Keys and Pe

dal.

ON HAND,

One plain home-made do. a little used.

August 9.

MOLASSES.

20 hogsheads RETAILING MOLAS

SES, for sale by

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

June 10.

John G. Ladd,

Has just received and offers for sale,

30 chests Imperial and Young

Hyson Teas, of the ship Arthur's cargo im-

ported in June last.

ALSO,

2 pipes & half pipes choice

old Port Wine.

10 boxes ladies' Morocco Shoes.

200 casks fresh Stone Lime.

August 22.

Just Received, and now offered

for sale,

A few Pots W. India Sweetmeats,

viz.

Orange Peel, }

Mamey Apple, }

Pine Apple, }

Ginger, }

Guava Jelly in pots and boxes.

Tamarinds.

Excellent Lemons in boxes.

Limes, and Oranges.

Smoaked and pickled Salmon.

Sounds and Tongues.

Pickling Vinegar, and Groceries as usual.

Thos. Patten.

August 22.

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexan-

dria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,

Granted by the state of Virginia for Military

services during the revolutionary war. This

land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to

be amongst the best in the state. It will be

sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the

western country, will sell the FARM on

which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles

from Alexandria, 9 from George Town fer-

ry, and about the same from the Potomac

bridge crossing to the city of Washington—

in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, con-

taining about 470 acres, on which is a conve-

nient dwelling house, large enough for a ge-

ntel family, together with all the outhouses

suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of

apple trees of selected fruit, together with

different other fruit trees, a proportion of im-

proved meadow for the scythe, and a large

portion more may easily be made. Any per-

son inclined to purchase may know the terms

by application to Mr. JOHN DULIN, adjoining

the said farm, or the subscriber on the pre-

misses.

E. Dulin.

June 2.

ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved

SEAT is now offered for sale.

It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in

wood. Noland is better adapted to the use of

Plaster of Paris, and there is some very valu-

able meadow land upon it.

For terms apply to W. H. Foote, esq. upon

the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles

county, Maryland.

Benjamin Dulany, jr.

September 14.

Notice.

I WISH to sell, the unexpired lease of 3

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 Dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21.

From the New York Evening Post.

THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.
No. VIII.

"Proofs of the corruption of gen. James Wilkinson and of his connection with Aaron Burr," &c.

Let this letter (No. 42) be examined in this view, and we shall have no doubt of the positive testimony of Mr. Power; (No. 43.) his details will however convince the most incredulous, and the manner in which every part of it is supported by the other evidence, leaves no doubt of its veracity; and to avoid any subterfuge to be made from the alleged frailty of memory, let it be remembered that this account was given at the time of the transaction, and is the original draft of a letter to governor Gayoso, giving the official account of Mr. Power's mission—the passage of it is characteristic: "The general received me coldly enough; in the first conference he broke out with saying to me very bitterly, 'we are ruined sir, both you and myself, without receiving any benefit from your voyage.'—Afterwards he asked me whether I had brought the 640 dollars—(eternally these 640 dollars?)—he added that the executive had given orders to the governor of the North Western Territory to take me and send me to Philadelphia, and that there was no other resource left for me to escape but to suffer myself to be conducted immediately under guard to Fort Massac, & from thence to New Madrid; and having informed him of the proposition of the Baron he proceeded to tell me that it was a chimerical project, and impossible to be executed; that the inhabitants of the western states, having obtained all that they wished by the treaty, would form no other political or commercial connection, and that now they had no other motive to separate themselves from the interests of the other states, although France and Spain had made them the most advantageous propositions, that the fermentation which had existed for 4 years was now subsided; &c. that Spain had now nothing else to do but to give complete effect to the treaty which had overturned all his plans, and rendered useless the work of more than ten years. And inasmuch as he had, he said, destroyed his cyphers and all his correspondence with our government, and that his duty and his honor did not permit him to continue it, that the governor need not fear that he would abuse the confidence he had placed in him; finally, that Spain having ceded to the United States the territory of the Natchez, &c. it might happen that he would be appointed governor of it, and that then opportunities would be more efficacious to effect his political projects.—He complained much that the secret of his connections with our government had been divulged through want of prudence on our part." &c. Here then we have the cause of this new prudery in the general's character. The project was now dangerous, and therefore he would not embark in it. He now bethought him of his honor and his duty, which had slept for ten years. He now for the first time recollected what he owed to his country, and the station in which he was placed. But this illumination of honor was but a momentary flash; it could not support him through a single conference, and in the very breath, in which he abjures the ruinous connection, he shews that fear, not principle, induced him to make the temporary abandonment; he complains that the treaty which secured the best interest of his country had ruined his projects—adverts to the jealousy of his government, and looks forward to the happy period when the government of the Natches would enable him to plot with more success the dismemberment of his country. A commentary on such evidence is unnecessary; it speaks at once to the understanding, and the prejudice must be rooted indeed that can resist its force.

In a letter from the Baron de Carondelet to Mr. Power, dated 23d April, 1797, (No. 44) is the following passage: "I have just written to W. and have given my letter to Mr. Nolan, a charming young man, whom I regard very highly (garçon charmant et dont je fais le plus grand cas.)—He has told me that he had a sure opportunity to convey it to him, and it is a long time since I have written to him for want of

an opportunity, and for fear of committing him (crainte de le compromettre.)" In all the intercourse between Wilkinson and the Spaniards, we find Mr. Nolan, this "child of his own" seems to have had as versatile talents as his adopted father, and "is alternately engaged in the dark diplomacy of the contraband commerce of his employer. If the Baron de Carondelet had nothing that was improper to write, why should he delay his communications for a safe opportunity, and whence the anxious fear of committing his correspondent, if their correspondence were honorable or lawful?

Here I close the exhibition of the proofs on the subject of the bribes which were given by the Spanish government, and the corruption which they produced. I close it as will be remarked, without any reference to my personal knowledge of the gen. outline of Wilkinson's plan and to his unequivocal confession as detailed in my affidavit laid before congress. It is not for me to weigh the credit which that declaration deserves. I annex however, (No. 45,) that it may be compared with the other proofs, and I then leave it to my country to decide this important question between us. I ought to remark that in stating the sum taken round by Collins, I mention eleven thousand dollars or upwards. My information of the sum came from Collins, who I suppose must have received the whole sum and afterwards divided it with Owens, as the two together form a sum upwards of 11,000 dollars, as stated in my deposition. If I were now to make a new declaration, or if I am ever called on before a proper tribunal to testify again on this subject, I could add many circumstances which further recollection and a perusal of documents have brought to my remembrance, but my object as I stated is to show that the proof independent of my own assertion, is sufficient to have borne down my adversary, and to support my reputation for veracity. One circumstance however in my own justification I ought to notice. In my deposition I state that the general's explicit confession took place in October 1798, at Loftus's Heights, where I had passed three days and nights in his tent. Feeling how deeply this evidence would affect him, it was necessary to throw doubts on some circumstance which I had detailed thereby to weaken the whole. He has therefore denied that I was with him for three days—he has denied that I was at his tent, because he says he was then encamped, but slept in his boat. (No. 46.) If I had been mistaken in these points; if it should appear that instead of three days I had been there but one, and if the confession had been made in a boat, I believe it would have been as important as if whispered in a tent. But I was not mistaken, and if I prove clearly that I was not, his denial of these circumstances will be a persuasive proof that he feels the truth of my communication, since he strives to disprove it by denying circumstances which are proved to be true. The fact then of my stay with Wilkinson in 1798, and of his being then encamped, though otherwise trivial circumstances, become important in this inquiry.

On this subject then I refer,

First, to a letter, dated 2d November 1798, from my kinsman Daniel Clark, who then lived at his plantation about three miles from the camp and who died two years after it was written, in which he says, "I presume you will not get away from the general for a day or two to come; indeed the weather seems unfavorable for the prosecution of your journey to Natchez. His excellency proposes a jaunt to the Desert to see his convalescents, as soon as you depart."

Second, the affidavit of William Miller, (No. 47)

Third, that of Capt. Guion, (No. 48)

Fourth, that of David Mackey, (No. 49)

Fifth, a letter from colonel John Clay, (No. 50)

Sixth, the affidavit of Marselis, (No. 51)

All of these gentlemen have a perfect recollection of my having been there, and relate particular circumstances which induce them to remember my being with the general in his tent. How miserably are men blinded by the confusion of guilt? They think they must deny something, they grope about in the dark; and as they are directed by chance, not judgment, in the selection of their means, they are frequently weapons of greater annoyance to themselves than their enemies. Thus if Wilkinson had contented himself with denying the substance of the conversation between us, I could have procured no other evidence or that particular fact, as our conferences on the subject were not held in the presence of witnesses; but finding a person whose inaccurate recollection of places and dates would, he thought, throw a doubt on my testimony, he seizes it with eagerness, he denies my visit to him, he denies the place of his residence, and he puts in my power unques-

tionably to prove by other witnesses, what would otherwise have rested on my own assertion.

In my deposition too I state that Wilkinson desired me to propose the purchase of governor Gayoso's land, for the arrears of of the pension still due to him. I have since discovered one of the general's letters which corroborates this proof; it is dated Loftus's Heights, 13th March, 1799, and contains in reference to that subject the following paragraph: "The Mingo asks more than I can give for his dirty acres, therefore say not one word on that subject." This caution was wholly unnecessary, for, as I had stated in my deposition, I had refused to have any agency in his negotiation for the land.

After these remarks I proceed to examine the general's means of defence against the great body of proof which has been offered: His first object was to fortify himself by certificates of innocence—his second to procure an enquiry by a court which he knew could not compel the attendance of witnesses—his last, and the most congenial to his disposition, to blacken the character of the witnesses against him. Let us examine separately each of these means, and see how they have succeeded. Never were attempts made with so much art as those by which the general endeavored to support his sinking fame by testimony of those who had in the service of their country seduced him from the allegiance he owed to his own. His first address was to Mr. Power, who, then a subject and an officer of Spain, tho' he would be abandoning the work at which he had so long labored, if he suffered his proselyte to be disgraced and deprived of that influence and command which he foresaw might be yet useful to his country. The general threw himself also on his compassion: Can you (was the substance of his address) can you, Power, suffer me to be ruined on account of those very measures into which, by your ministry, I have been led? A word from you will save me from destruction—sign a declaration of my innocence which I may show to the president, and I shall retain his confidence, and we may yet see the success of our schemes. Moved by false pity, convinced by false reasoning, Power signed the evasive certificate that has been published with so much triumph. Short-sighted, guilty man! you did not foresee that this success would be the cause of your ruin—that the haste with which you published a document given to you for another purpose would induce a disclosure of all the circumstances which it was so much your interest to conceal—a disclosure accompanied by so many irresistible proofs, that not an individual can doubt of its accuracy, and a detail of circumstances which would otherwise have forever been unknown—an exposition of documents which but for this could never have been produced.

The use that was made of his certificate—the attempts to blacken his character, induced Mr. Power to come forward in support of his reputation, and his change of allegiance and the resignation of his employment enabled him to do it with propriety.

The next attempt was upon the compassion of governor Folch; the same arguments were probably addressed to him that were so successfully employed with Power; and no one will require a stronger evidence of guilt than the correspondence which is at last concluded and dressed up between them. Folch was not disposed to go further than he could with truth, though at the same time his certificate was to bear as near a resemblance to untruth (that is to say, to an assertion of the general's innocence) as could possibly be managed without sliding into actual falsehood; for this purpose the general asks boldly whether gov. Folch knows or believes that he (W.) is (at the time he writes) commissioned or pensioned by Spain. Now mark the answer: First some common-place about the fraternity among those who embrace the profession of arms—then a most solemn asseveration of what nobody would be left to doubt, the period at which he arrived in the country, the intimacy in which he was with his uncle gov. Miro, and his being the most proper person to give a satisfactory answer to the general's query. Let us now examine this answer—how satisfactory it is! Before we come to it, however, we are assured that it is barely possible that his uncle may have concealed the general's pension & commission from him; but that as neither the one nor the other is ever conferred without a patent it is natural that he should have met not only with the copy, but the original, as the archives have been under his care. After all this comes the important, the satisfactory answer that is to operate as he says,

* This is an Indian word meaning great chief, and is usually applied by Wilkinson to designate a governor.

his correspondent's satisfaction, and the utter shame and confusion of his calumniators. What is it—that he has never seen any warrant for the pension, or any record of that he had granted? that he does not believe in their existence? No: but he asseverates most solemnly on his sacred word of honor that no such document, nor any other paper tending to substantiate such assertions exists in the records in his possession. And with this general Wilkinson is perfectly satisfied! This he thinks ought to satisfy his country. What, because governor Folch declares that the records of his guilt do not remain in his archives—when they may have been taken to the Havana instead of Pensacola—when Folch himself may have removed them while he was writing the letter to make it consistent with *literal* truth, because this is asseverated upon his sacred word, nor all clamor is to cease. Wilkinson is a persecuted man. There is no record of his guilt in Pensacola—he is therefore innocent. There is no commission in the archives of Baton Rouge—therefore he must be calumniated. Governor Folch asserts it on his honor—and therefore his enemies ought to be covered with confusion. There is, however, an air of irony in this letter that must have deeply mortified the general if he could feel mortification. If this assertion, says he (to wit, that he had not then got the records) will not erase the impressions of weak minds against you, [they must have been very weak if it had] you are to comfort yourself (with what?) with the recollection that you are a soldier, and with the approbation of your *unsullied* conscience. What bitter, what cutting reproach! what a sarcastic sneer! What! the man who had betrayed his professional trust, and received the hire of infamy! the man who when solemnly appealed to for his exculpation, answers one inquiry by insulting equivo- cation, and passes the other over in silence—that man has the cruelty to talk to him of an *unsullied* conscience, and to remind him of the honor of a profession which he had tarnished by his treachery. These documents are published by the general; let them be carefully examined, and I am persuaded that every reader will discover the evident instances of evasion which I have pointed out.

(To be continued.)

† See the papers in note No. 1.

FOREIGN.

XXVII. FRENCH BULLETIN.
WOLTERSDOFF, July 9.

The enemy's retreat is a defeat. We have collected a part of his baggage. His wounded have fallen into our hands; we have already counted more than 12,000; all the villages are filled with them. In five or six hospitals alone we have found more than 6000.

The duke of Rivoli, pursuing the enemy by Stockraw, is already arrived at Hollabrunn.

The duke de Ragusa had at first followed on the road to Brunn, which he quitted at Wolkersdorf in order to take that of Znaim. At nine o'clock this morning, he met at Laa, a rear-guard, which he routed—he took 100 of them prisoners. He will be to-morrow at Znaim.

The duke of Auerstadt is arrived to day at Nicolsburgh.

The emperor of Austria, prince Antiochy, with a suit of about 200 chariots, coaches, and other carriages, slept on the 6th at Erensbunn, the 7th at Hollabrunn, the 8th at Znaim, whence they set out at nine of the morning. According to the relation of the country people who conducted them, their dejection was extreme.

One of the princes de Rohan was found wounded on the field of battle. Lieutenant field-marshal Wussakowicz is amongst the prisoners.

The artillery of the guard covered itself with glory. Major Ahoille, who commanded, was wounded. The emperor has made him general of brigade. The chief of a squadron of artillery, Greener, has lost an arm. These intrepid artillerymen displayed all the power of this terrible weapon.

The horse chasseurs of the guard charged, and drove back, on the day of the battle of Wagram, three squadrons of infantry. They took four pieces of cannon. The light-horse Polts of the guard charged a regiment of pike men. They took the prince of Abersberg prisoner, and captured two pieces of cannon.

The Saxon hussars d'Albert charged the cuirassiers d'Albert, and took their colors. It was a very singular thing to see two regiments belonging to the same colonel, fighting one against the other.

It appears that the enemy is abandoning Moravia and Hungary, and is retiring into Bohemia.

The roads are covered longing to the Landwehr masse, who are returning. The losses which desert those the enemy has wounded, and prisoners, annihilate his army.

The numerous letters intercepted are a striking discontent of the hostile order which reigns in it.

Now that the Austrian one hope it would evince, not to expect that they themselves as they did themselves. At that epoch now without hope; and their protestations and oaths.

During the day of the sent a few hundred men to the Danube to make ob- re-embarked, after having killed or taken prisoners.

The heat was excessive. The heat was almost con- grees.

There are great quanti- one village 3,000,000 pin- It has happily no bad qu-

Twelve of the most co- in the beautiful plain of V seen in the neighborhood have been burnt during just hatred of the nation guilty men who have drawn calamities.

The general of brigade ed Nuremberg on the 18 corps of cavalry, and p Bayreuth. He met the them charged him with a regiment of dragoons a who opposed him, and to cannon.

TWENTY-EIGHTH

The Danube has risen bridges of boats which ha before Vienna since the have been broken by effec the bridges at Ebersdorff manent, none of them hav bridges, and the works o bau, are the admiration o sons of Austria. They works are without exampl of the Romans.

The archduke Charles gen. Weissavooft to comp- ror, and since that the b- and prince John of Li- come upon the same co- his name, his majesty has t- to the archduke the duke o- shal of the palace who fo- weis, and passed part of head quarters.

The emperor left his ca- terday at 9 o'clock in the- rived at the palace at Sch- in the afternoon.

His majesty has visited the village of Spitz, whic de-pont of Vienna. G- been charged with the ex- ent works, which must b- begun this day.

The bridge of piles at V established with the least

His majesty has nam- the empire general Oud- Ragusa and gen. Macdo- ber of marshals was 11 will make 14. There st- tancies. The places of Swiss, & Col. Gen. of t- so vacant.

The Col. Officer of th- cording to our constitution the Empire.

His majesty has testif- with the manner in which been served and particu- vices of the principal su-


His majesty passing th- battle on the 6th caused- the wounded to be taken- the duke of Friuli, gra- palace, who remained al-

The number of wou- our hands amounts to 12- The Austrians have 1- wounded. It has been- gular fact, that most of- whether of old France, c- ces, who were in the A- perished.

Several couriers have- and among their letters b- gular correspondence of- Stadion. The influence- the leading determinatio- cabinet, is hereby materi- are the instruments whic- like a few Pandora's b- and spread poisons on t-

R E I G N.
FRENCH BULLETIN.
WOLDERSDORT, *July 9.*
The retreat is a defeat. We have lost a part of his baggage. His baggage has fallen into our hands; we counted more than 12,000; all the baggage was filled with them. In five or six days we have found more than 100,000. The enemy is already arrived at Hollabrunn. The Ragusa had at first followed the enemy to Brunn, which he quitted in order to take that of the line o'clock this morning, he followed the rear-guard, which he routed and took of their prisoners. He will be at Znaim. Auerstadt is arrived to day. The emperor of Austria, prince Anthon, with about 200 chariots, coach-carriages, slept on the 6th at the 7th at Hollabrunn, the 8th day they set out at nine of the morning, according to the relation of the emperor who conducted them, their retreat was extreme. The princes de Rohan was found in the field of battle. Lieutenant Vussakowicz is amongst the killed. The emperor of the guard covered itself with Major Ahoille, who commanded the 1st brigade. The chief of artillery, Greener, has lost his intrepid artillerymen discomposure of this terrible war. The chasseurs of the guard charged the enemy on the day of the battle, three squadrons of infantry took four pieces of cannon. The Poles of the guard charged the enemy with pike men. They took the emperor prisoner, and captured his cannon. The emperors d'Albert charged the emperor, and took their colors. A singular thing to see two regiments of the same colonel, fighting the other. The emperor is abandoning the battle, and is going into the mountains.

September 15. 3raw4w

 **PRINTING** in all its various branches, handsomely executed with accuracy and dispatch.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of trust dated on the third day of September, 1807, from John Bogue to himself, Ludwell Lee and Charles Alexander, will, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of October next, at four o'clock of that day, at the tavern of Benjamin Thornton, in the town of Leesburg, & county of Loudoun, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for ready money,

A Tract of Land,

in the county of Loudoun, on the north side of the main road from Leesburg to Alexandria, and about one quarter of a mile to the eastward of Goose Creek, containing 114 acres, which land is in the possession of the said John Bogue, or so much thereof as will pay the expenses of the sale and the sum of 143 dollars and 33 cents, with interest due by the said Bogue to Mrs. Frances Alexander, administratrix of Charles Alexander, esquire, deceased, and the further sum of 286 dollars and 66 cents, with interest thereon, due to the heirs of the said Charles Alexander.

Edmund J. Lee,

Trustee.

September 19.

PUBLIC SALE.

Under a decree of the honorable the circuit court of the district of Columbia, held at Alexandria, the subscribers will expose to public sale at the coffee-house on the 14th day of next month, on a credit of sixty and ninety days,

An Undivided moiety of a rent of £ 131 18 per annum,

Payable for ever, charged on a lot of ground situated at the intersection of Wolfe and Union-streets and extending southwardly along the west side of Union-street one hundred and fifteen feet, and westwardly along the south side of Wolfe-street sixty two feet six inches. The payment of this rent is secured by val-

ued at 125 feet in depth 125 feet, and bounded on the north by an alley 4 feet wide. On this lot is erected a handsome and convenient 3 story brick dwelling house, with the usual out-houses. And two other lots adjoining each other on the west side of Union-st. between Wolfe and Wilke-streets, in front on Union-street forty one feet, in depth one hundred and twenty five feet.

R. I. Taylor.

Cuthbert Powell.

September 8.

Washington Tavern.

Geo. Talbott & Francis Hall,

BE leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have taken that commodious tavern, in Alexandria, well known by the name of the *Washington Tavern*—where travellers and others who may please to favor them with their custom, may depend on every attention being paid them.

They have now on hand and will constantly keep a stock of the very best liquors and wines—their table will be always supplied with the best provisions—their beds are good—their stabling excellent, with a careful and attentive hostler.

From the known experience of FRANCIS HALL, [who has lived in the house since it became a tavern] they flatter themselves it will be in their power to give satisfaction and they assure their patrons that nothing on their part shall be left undone.

Private families can be accommodated at the shortest notice with either Dinners or Suppers.

Sept. 18.

JOHN DUFFEY,

COMB-MAKER:

RESPECTFULLY acquaints his friends and customers, that he has re-commenced the Comb-making business in King street, near the Madison Tavern, where they can be supplied on the usual terms. He has on hand a small assortment of Horn, Ivory and Tortoise Shell COMBS, and is daily in expectation of a general assortment of German and Dutch GOODS, of the latest importation.

September 19.

FOR SALE,

A quantity of House Frames,

From 16 feet to 24 feet long, one story and an half and two stories high. I have also two very handsome two-story brick houses to rent, in a pleasant situation, just finished.

A. Scholfield.

9th mo. 14th.

JUST RECEIVED,

For sale only by JAMES KENNEDY, sen.

King-street,

The following highly valuable Medicines,

Price 3 dollars per bottle.

Dr. Jebb's Nature's Restorative

A BALSMIC CORDIAL.

THIS cordial so justly celebrated throughout Great-Britain and the continent of Europe, for its superior efficacy in the curing all disorders excited by nervous irritability, as well as in complaints of complete debility, whether arising from irregularities of living long continued residence in warm climates intemperate pursuits of excessive pleasure, or that destructive habit of inconsiderate youth which brings on so prematurely the infirmities of old age.

In removing pulmonary affections, asthmas and all disorders of the lungs, it is the most powerful remedy ever yet found, and the relief it has afforded even in the last stage of consumptions, is without a parallel; with regard to its efficacy in this baneful, and unfortunately the prevailing disorder in this country (consumption) its superiority is such as to have supplanted every other medicine.

Those who in advanced life feel the consequences of youthful excess, will find themselves restored to health and strength, and all those melancholy symptoms removed, which are the general effects of such causes.

In short, animated by the uniform success this invaluable cordial has experienced in Europe, the thousands it has renovated, when bending under the pressure of nervous, consumptive or hypochondriacal disorders (many tested proofs of which from eminently distinguished persons in this quarter of the globe, are now in the possession of the proprietor here, some few of which are herein published have determined the introduction of it into this continent, where its efficacy must soon become so prized as to make it considered a beneficial remedy not to be dispensed with by those who are anxious to preserve or acquire their health.

The chief ingredient of this cordial is a plant whose rare and precious salutary virtues were well known to the Arabians during the 8th and 9th centuries, when that people shone conspicuous over all the nations of the world for their learning and skill in eradicating baneful diseases incident to the human frame, renovating infirmity to vigor, and restoring the sickly to sound and rosy health, and which, as known at this time by their descendants, and used and experienced as the most sovereign remedy for decayed constitutions, and every species of nervous disorders. This celebrated restorative plant has also been highly estimated for ages past, amongst the most enlightened nations of Greece, and considered by those wise inhabitants as one of the first of their blessings.

This cordial is also rich and fine in flavor most grateful to the palate, and the most enlivening to the spirits of any yet offered to the public.

Dr. Tissot's celebrated Gout and Rheumatic Drops

(Price, Two Dollars per bottle.)

NOTHING is of more importance than the preservation of health—this common laic remark however is too often forgotten whilst we are active and strong—and prevention of pain, which is superior to its cure, is not sufficiently attended to by any description of persons. Among those disorders which require the most early and unremitting efforts to eradicate and overcome, none have a stronger claim upon our notice than the Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Weakness of the Joints, Sprains, Gleet, the Stone and Gravel, the Cramp and every species of Rheumatic Pains from whatever cause they may have originated—and hence every relief which can be administered is too valuable to be forgotten.

Those persons whose avocations peculiarly expose them to colds, &c. cannot be too anxious always to possess immediate aid. Sea-faring persons, travellers, &c. ought constantly to carry with them that medicine which will counteract the unpleasant effects of their perilous duties, and especially those pains to which their situation must expose them. To those who reside in or visit the West-Indies, and their warm climates, they will be found upon trial to convey the most lasting service and will gradually destroy all tendency to disease in the human frame, and preserve health and vigor. Although a great variety of prescriptions have been published to cure the disorders enumerated above, none has yet equalled the GOUT AND RHEUMATIC DROPS of Dr. TISSOT, which are celebrated throughout the European continent, and whose unbounded benefits are fully authenticated by certificates already published of gentlemen so well known in America, being of the first consequence in the state of Maryland: General Charles Ridgely, of Hampton; John Gibson, Esq. one of the directors of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland; John Macubbin, Esq. Mrs. Macubbin, his wife; and Mrs. Ryan, of Calton.

Ample certificates and affidavits of the beneficial effects of these medicines may be seen by applying as above.

March 1.

New Publications,

Just received, for sale, by JAMES KENNEDY, sen. Bookseller, King-street.

Cælebs in search of a wife—very interesting. 2 vols.

Faber on the Restoration of the Jews.

Reliques of Robert Burns.

Shakespeare's Poems.

Richardson's Illustrations of Shakespeare.

The works of Mrs. Ann Steele. 2 vols.

The Star in the East, by Dr. Buchanan.

Caledonian Sketches, by sir John Carr.

Mrs. Grant's memoirs of an American Lady.

Letters from the Mountains.

Dean's Analytical Guide to Penmanship.

Owenson's Patriotic Sketches of Ireland.

Thaddeus of Warsaw.

Harriott's Struggles thro' Life.

J. xiles of Siberia.

Whelpley's Compend of Universal History, an excellent book for young persons. Recommended by Dr. Smith of Princeton, and Dr. Abercrombie of Philadelphia.

The last edition of that much admired work

Conversations on Chemistry.

With additions on the arts of dyeing—tanning and currying.

And the 1st vol. of the Medical and Philosophical Journal and Review, now publishing in New York, in numbers.

ALSO, The best Paper, Stationary and School-Books of the various kinds—Blank Books made to any pattern, with faint lines if required, with Patent Ruling and Binding.

September 19.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

Last night an outrageous trespass was committed on the subscribers property, by cutting down a POST and RAIL fence, lately made by him. I will give twenty dollars for such information as will enable me to support a prosecution against the offender or offenders.

Robert Patton.

Spring Bank, near Alexandria.

September 16.

EVENING SCHOOL.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of Alexandria and its vicinity, that he will commence an EVENING SCHOOL, on the 25th of the present month.

Terms, three dollars per quarter; the students furnishing light for themselves—three dollars and seventy five cents if the subscriber supply them with lights. Ink and quills will be furnished gratis.

For any thing pertaining to the mathematics the terms may be known of

J. Paradise.

Sept. 15.

Coppersmith & Tin-Plate-Worker.

THE subscriber continues to make and repair all kinds of COPPER & TIN WARE, and also carries on the BRASS FOUNDERS' BUSINESS under the direction of William Fletcher, and will execute any work in that line.

FOR SALE,

15 boxes 10 by 12, and 15 do. 8 by 10 Bohemia Window Glass, of a good quality.

TO LET,

The House on Fairfax-street, occupied by myself, which is made to accommodate one or two families—I will give a lease on moderate terms. Also, the Brick House on the corner of Prince and Royal-streets, and one Blacksmith's Shop with a set of Tools. For Sale or to Let on a Ground Rent for ever,

63 feet of Ground, fronting on King-street and running back 100 feet to a 10 feet alley, it is situated nearly opposite the diagonal pump in a good part of the town.

The highest price will be given for old Copper, Pewter, Brass and Lead.

George M'Munn.

Who has for hire a handsome light Coach with a careful driver.

August 30.

TO RENT.

The subscriber offers to RENT for one or more years,

His late Dwelling-House and the two Lots adjoining and belonging to it in this town. The situation of the house is healthy and agreeable, and upon the lots are erected all the necessary out houses. As the house is generally known a further description of it is deemed unnecessary.

He will also RENT for one or more years,

His Farm on Great-Hunting-Creek, containing between 80 and 90 acres. The soil is good and may be made highly productive. To this farm is attached a Fishing Shore equal to any in the neighborhood, which will be rented with it.

The above mentioned property may be viewed at any time by such as are inclined to rent. Possession of the property in town will be given at any time, and possession of the farm, &c. on Great Hunting Creek, on the first day of January next. The terms may be known by application to J. D. SIMMS, in Alexandria, or to the subscriber at his farm in Fairfax county.

James Craik.

September 16.

SAMUEL BROOK

HAS IMPORTED

35 bales of coarse and fine Plains and Kerseys—

Which are for sale at Thomas C. Wright's in George Town.

September 14—15

Public Sale.

Under the authority of a decree of the honorable circuit court of the district of Columbia, held at Alexandria, the subscribers will expose to public sale for cash, at the coffee-house, Monday the 25th instant,

A LOT OF GROUND,

ON the east side of Washington street, beginning at the distance of 156 feet seven inches to the southward of King street, extending thence northwardly on Washington street 20 feet in front, and running back 123 feet 5 inches. On this lot is erected a comfortable dwelling house; the whole subject to an annual ground rent of six pounds.

George Deneale,

R. I. Taylor.

September 2.

Domestic Manufactures.

THE subscriber proposes erecting at the Centre Mills, near Alexandria, a Machine for carding Wool, and expects to have it ready to run by the 30th of the present month. It will card the wool and form it into rolls for the spinning wheel, or into batts for hatters, or other purposes. The advantage of having wool prepared by these machines for the purpose of manufacturing into yarn over that which is carded by hand, is generally acknowledged, as being the cheapest and most perfect in its operation. Those persons who may incline to give encouragement to this establishment, may depend on the utmost punctuality as to time and unremitted attention in the execution of the work. The wool when carded into rolls will be packed in such manner as to preserve it in the most perfect state for spinning, and may be transported any reasonable distance without injury. Wool, sent to the carder, must be clean washed, clear of burrs, small sticks or other extraneous matter, and assorted in such manner as may suit the owner; and each quality shall be kept separate. The expense of carding will be eight cents for that which is made into rolls, and five cents for batts per lb. payable at the time of delivering, or payment will be received in wool of good quality at 40 cents per pound, as may suit the convenience of the owner.

George Drinker.

August 19.

ORPHAN'S COURT,

Alexandria County, Sept. Term, 1809.

ORDERED,

That the Executor of Charles Wadsworth, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times a week for six weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Test.

ALEXANDER MOORE, Reg.

THIS is to give notice, That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of CHARLES WADSWORTH late of the county aforesaid, merchant, dec'd. all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of March next or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 6th day of September, 1809.

James Patton, Ex'r.

September 6.

FOR RENT,

THE DWELLING HOUSE of the late Colonel Hoot, on Water-street—It is spacious and convenient, and has all necessary out-houses, with a very excellent garden attached to it.

J. H. Hoot,

John Muncaster.

March 25

New House of Entertainment.

THOMAS RHODES, respectfully informs the citizens of Alexandria and the public, that he will open A HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT on the first day of July next in a commodious and airy new house on Prince-street, sign of the Eagle, a few doors above Thomas Swann's dwelling. He intends to keep a constant supply of the best LIQUORS and PROVISIONS, and will accommodate travellers and others on such moderate terms as to make it an object to call on him. He will be provided with a careful hostler and has good stabling for horses.

The situation is superior to any in town for the accommodation of travellers, it being out of the way of bustle and there is a pump of the best water at the door.

June 27.

VOL IX.]

Sales at

On every Tuesday

WILL B.

At the Vendue Store

Water

A Variety of Dry Goods

Particulars of which

the bills of the day—

which are on limitation

which are established

viewed and purchased at

ant prices.

P. G. M.

THE INT

on

The Queen

WITH

Prince of Peace

Written by a Spani

triot, who alone can be

intrigues and amors of t

For sale by

Cotton

August 11.

FINE PAS

WE will be ready in a

nish butchers and other

Island, for any number

ing 100.

Phil

John

July 29.

FRESH F

The subscriber has just r

sale,

Malaga Raisins

Muscadel and

in boxes.

ALSO

35 bags and 12

J

April 19.

TO H

By the month

A Negro Man, a sailor

low if taken by the year.

Enquire of

July 29.

FOR S

30 hogsheds SUGAR

150 bags COFFEE,

10 hogsheds Antigua

40 bales best COTTO

JOSE

July 10.

Joseph Mar

CORNER OF KING AND

ilas Rec

100 half boxes

CARS warranted of th

and full contents.

Real Maccouba Snuff

Rappee do. Coarse an

20 boxes fresh MUSI

20 Philadelphia

and 2d quality.

HE HAS A

A General Affor

of good WINES, LIQU

RIES for sale.

Dec. 2.

TO RE

A convenient and w

HOUSE, at the head of

good water. Apply

James

August 30.

NOTI

BENJAMIN DULA

by his indenture of

eight day of the presen

me all his estate, real,

except the Bank Stock

now standing in his nam

purposes therein ment

fore to give notice to

holding property unde